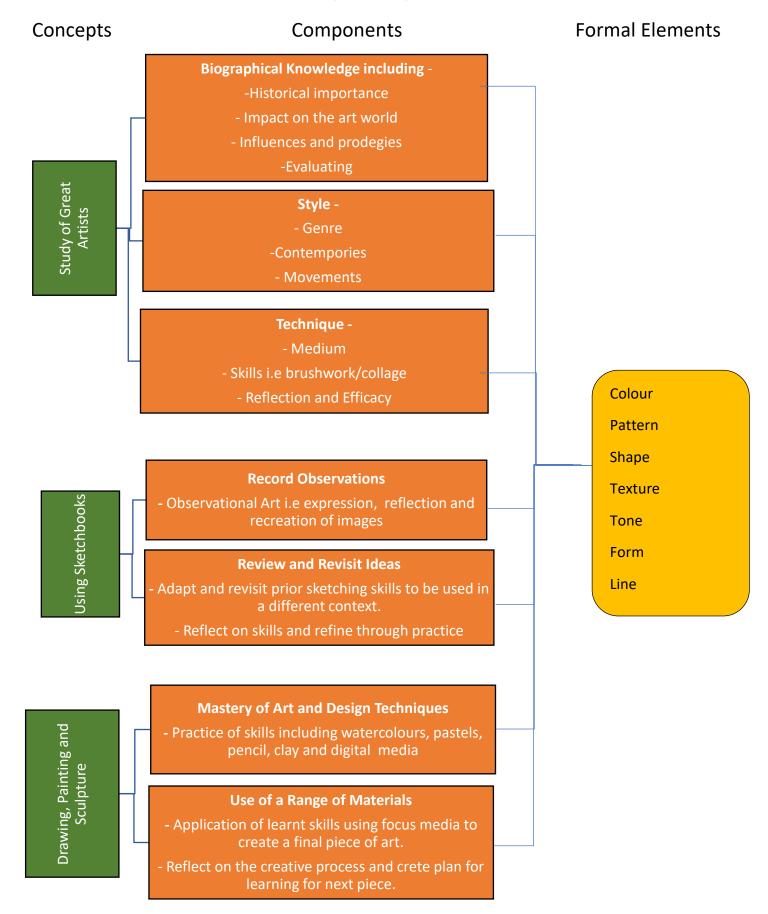


Why do we teach Art?	How is Art sequenced within our school?	What will our children learn?
<ul> <li>To allow children to experience the world around them through art, building up their discussion and inclusion skills and using meaningful vocabulary in these discussions.</li> <li>To expose our children to art from different genres, cultures, movements and times through history and encourage them to articulate their ideas, thoughts and feelings about the art work.</li> <li>To support our children to acquire a range of practical life skills which include visual and interpreting skills, practical and manipulation of material skills as well as problem solving skills.</li> <li>To give children hands on experience of and experiment with a range of materials and techniques that they may use in the wider world.</li> <li>To encourage our children to have an understanding of the process of creating art work and the artistic choices and design making journey they went on to complete it.</li> <li>To provide children with essential mark making skills which are the backbone of all learning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Art is taught is 3 blocks which are consistent across the Key Stage -         <ul> <li>Study of great artists</li> <li>Using sketch books, and</li> <li>Drawing, painting and sculpture.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Featured artists in each year group have been chosen to expose the children to a range of art from different historical periods, genres and cultures. These have a theme that binds them, to show how art can have the same message but be interpreted in many different ways.</li> <li>The art curriculum encompasses skills in a progression, to allow each year group to build upon previous learning. This allows them to form ideas and create with an increasingly enhanced knowledge and ability.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Children will have hands on experience of and experiment with a range of materials and techniques.</li> <li>How to use reflection and discussion to improve their own and other's work.</li> <li>We teach physical skills using a range of stimuli; art movements, countries and featured artists.</li> <li>We provide exposure to a range of art genres and artists to expand our children's knowledge of the art world.</li> <li>We support our children to explore their imagination and creativity by creating links to first-hand experiences.</li> <li>How to use their imagination and design skills across all aspects of the curriculum.</li> <li>We encourage our children to work in an environment where expression and opinion are critical life skills.</li> </ul>



#### **Concept Map for Art**





Art Sticky Knowledge and skills	½ term	½ term	½ term
	<b>Study of great artists</b> (workbooks mainly) <i>Great artists, architects and designers in history.</i>	Using Sketchbooks Create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.	Drawing, painting and sculpture Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials.
Year 3 Picasso (mid 1900s), Hockney (late 1900s) Joan Mitchell (1990s)	Discuss the styles of the artists, craft makers or designers and use of this to inform their own work. Begin to understand the historical and or cultural significance of the artists and their art form.  I know how to identify the techniques used by different artists I know how to compare the work of different artists I know how to recognise when art is from different cultures I know how to recognise when art is from different historical periods	<ul> <li>I know how to use sketchbooks to help create facial expressions.</li> <li>I know how to integrate digital images into artwork.</li> <li>I know how to use sketching to produce a final piece in art.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I know how to use different grades of pencil to shade and to show different tone and textures.</li> <li>I know how to use marks and lines to show texture in art.</li> </ul>
Year 4 W Turner (1700s - early 1800s) Monet (1840- 1926) Matisse (1869- 1930s)	Discuss and analyse the styles of the artists, craft makers or designers and use of this to inform their own work. Begin to understand the historical and or cultural significance of the artists and their art form.  I know how to experiment with the styles used by other artists.  I know how to explain some of the features of art from historical periods.  I know how different artists developed their specific styles.	<ul> <li>I know how to use photographs to help create reflections.</li> <li>I know how to use sketchbooks to experiment with different texture.</li> <li>I know how to experiment with shading to create mood and feeling.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I know how to create a background using a wash.</li> <li>I know how to use a range of brushes to create different effects in painting.</li> <li>I know how to show facial expressions and body language in sketches and paintings.</li> <li>I know how to use line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement and know how to show reflections.</li> </ul>
Year 5 W Morris (1800s) Sheila Hicks (1900s) Barbara Hepworth (1900s)	Critically analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work. Understand the historical and or cultural significance of the artists and their art form.  I know how to research the work of the specific artists and use their work to replicate a style.	I know how to experiment using marks and lines to produce texture.  I know how to explain why different tools have been used to create art.  I know how to identify why chosen specific techniques have been used and know how to use feedback to make amendments and improvements to art.	<ul> <li>I know how to express emotion in art.</li> <li>I know how to use shading to create mood and feeling.</li> <li>I know how to organise line, tone, shape, and colour to represent figures and forms in movement.</li> <li>I know which media to use to create maximum impact.</li> <li>I know how to use a full range of pencils, charcoal or pastels when creating a piece of observational art.</li> </ul>
Year 6 Dali (early 1900s) Lowry (1900s) Banksy (Modern Day)	Critically analyse the styles of a range of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work. Explain how a chosen artist or art form has contributed to the culture and/or history of a specific nation.  I know how to explain the style of art used and how it has been influenced by a famous artist.  I understand what a specific artist is trying to achieve in any given situation.  I understand why art can be very abstract and what message the artist is trying to convey.	<ul> <li>I know how to experiment with media to create emotion in art.</li> <li>I know how to use a range of e-resources to create art.</li> <li>I know how to use digital images and combine with other media know how to use IT to create art which includes their own work and that of others.</li> <li>I know how to use images created, scanned and found; altering them where necessary to create art.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I know how to print onto different materials using at least four colours.</li> <li>I know how to sculpt clay and other mouldable materials.</li> <li>I know how to create an accurate print design following a given criteria.</li> <li>I know how to overprint to create different patterns.</li> </ul>



	Artist studied throughout the year	Focus	Materials	Vocabulary		
Year 3	Picasso (mid1900s)	Abstract portraits and abstract	Oil Pastels/paints	Creative Smc	ooth Sh	ape
	Hockney (later 1900s)	landscapes		Process Swir	iling Po	rtrait
	Joan Mitchell (1990s)			Plan Une		ndscape
				Design Cold	ourful Ro	ugh
				Make Brig	~	stract
				Adapt Dar		alistic
				Sources Vari	iation Un	realistic
Year 4	William Turner (1700s and early 1800s)	Landscapes and watercolours	watercolours	In addition to previous years -		
	Monet (1840- 1926)	Realism vs more abstract		Fine F	Focus 1	Natural
	Matisse (1869- 1930s)			Dull 1	Translucent	
				Patterned (	Opaque	
				Crowded I	Flat	
Year 5	William Morris (1800s)	Using printing, textures and	Printing techniques onto	In addition to previous years -		
	Sheila Hicks (1900s)	sculpture	textiles, using textiles to	Comparison	Symbolic	Distance
	Barbara Hepworth (1900s)		create texture and sculpture	Contrast	Subtle	Properties
			Clay	Media	Complex	Imagination
				Study	Complimentary	Reflecting
				Experiences	Contrasting	
Year 6	Salvador Dali (early 1900s)	Art used in different forms to	A range of materials already	·		
	Lowry (1900s)	convey a message	covered and digital media	Purpose	Test	
	Banksy (Modern Day)			Manipulate	Atmos	•
				Dry Media	•	sentation
				Wet Media	Engagi	•
				Digital Media	Consis	
				Independent Res		
				Range	Delicat	
				Sources	Flowir	ng
				Vibrant		



#### The 7 Art Concept Visuals

Concept	Dual Coding	Concept
	Symbol	Definition
colour		Colour is what we see when light hits an object. All colours are made from primary colours red, blue, and yellow.
pattern		A pattern is a design that repeats itself. It can be made with shapes, lines, or colours. Patterns can be simple or complex.
shape		A shape is made when lines meet. Shapes can be geometric (like squares and circles) or organic (like leaves or clouds).
texture		Texture is how something feels or looks like it feels. E.g. smooth, bumpy, or soft. Artists show texture with lines, shading, or materials.
tone		Tone means how light or dark something is.
form		In sculpture or drawing, form shows depth and volume. Form could be a 3D shape e.g. cone.
line	7	a mark made by a pencil, pen or brush



Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Artists study	Picasso (mid 1900s),	W Turner (1700s - early 1800s)	W Morris (1800s)	Dali
	Hockney (late 1900s)	Monet (1840- 1926)	Sheila Hicks (1900s)	(early 1900s)
	Joan Mitchell (1990s)	Matisse (1869- 1930s)	Barbara Hepworth (1900s)	Lowry (1900s)
				Banksy (Modern Day)
1.Study of great artists o	Great artists, architects and designers in history	······································		
a). I can say what I like	a). I can say what I like and dislike	a). I can make thoughtful	a). I can ask appropriate questions	a). I can comment on the ideas and
and dislike about piece of art.	about a piece of art.	observations about a piece of art.	about a piece of art.	methods of different artists, accurately using art vocabulary.
	b). I can begin to identify the media	b). I can identify the media used by	b). I can comment on ideas and	
b). I can try and identify	used by an artist.	an artist or genre.	methods of different artists.	b). I can experiment with a variety of
the media used by the				media selecting these for a purpose.
artist with support.	c). I can begin to use some elements of	c). I can use elements of the artist,	c). I can experiment with a variety of	
	the artist or genre.	genre or culture.	media.	c). I can use the techniques of the artist,
				genre or culture adapting to a purpose.
			d). I can use the techniques of the	
			artist, genre or culture.	
	d sculpture. Improve their mastery of art an		1	
a). I can hold a pencil	a). I can draw shapes and objects with	a). I can draw shapes and objects	a). I can draw shapes and objects in	a). I can draw shapes, objects and scenes
correctly.	some accuracy (shading).	with accuracy and some detail.	proportion and with accuracy,	with accuracy and including detail.
	1	1 1:55	including some detail.	
	b). I can identify primary and	b). I can create and use different		b). I can mix secondary and tertiary
b). I can name colours	secondary colours.	shades of the same colour with	b). I can mix secondary colours with	colours with purpose.
and identify primary colours.	c). I can experiment with tint and	increasing accuracy.	purpose.	c). I have the brush control to create
colours.	shade (adding white and black to	c). I have some brush control, able to	c). I have increasing brush control to	curves and shapes and choose the
c). I can make colours	colour) with control. Create a colour	paint lines and shapes (inside shapes	create lines, dots and dashes.	appropriate brush for the task.
darker and lighter by	continuum.	and along lines).	create lines, dots and dasiles.	appropriate brush for the task.
adding black and white.	continuum.	and along inles).	d). I can create texture ( paint and	d). I can create and use textures with
adding black and willte.	d). I can experiment and use texture	d). I can begin to create texture	clay).	purpose (pencil, paint, charcoal and
	with support (pencil, paint, charcoal	(pencil, paint).	Ciay).	clay).
	and clay).	(position)		0.517



nipulation of materials.		increasing purpose and detail.	purpose and detail.			
3. Using Sketchbooks. Create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.						
nat I like and what needs to improve.	I can review my own work, saying what I like and what improvements could be made with support.	I can review my own work, explaining my intended outcome. I can evaluate my success and adapt my ideas and methods for next time.	I can review my own work, evaluating and adapting my ideas and methods during completion.			
s s	ketch books to record their observations review the work of others, saying	ketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.  I review the work of others, saying t I like and what needs to improve.  What I like and what improvements	ketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.  I review the work of others, saying t I like and what needs to improve.  What I like and what improvements could be made with support.  I can review my own work, saying my intended outcome.  I can evaluate my success and adapt			