



Together we can!

BEECHWOOD JUNIOR SCHOOL

Anti-Bullying Policy

2023 - 2025

Reviewed By: L Phillips
Date of last review: January 2023
Date of next review: January 2025



Introduction:

All children have the right to be safe from bullying, harm and abuse. At Beechwood Junior School, we will ensure that the victims of bullying are supported and looked after. Our schools aim to offer a positive, supportive and safe learning environment for our community, in which everyone has an equal right to be treated with dignity and respect. Bullying of any kind is unacceptable. If bullying does occur, all pupils and adults should be able to tell and know that incidents will be dealt with promptly and effectively. Beechwood Junior School is a 'telling schools'. This means all members of staff are required to listen and respond when bullying or concerns about safety and well-being are raised.

Aims

The aim of this policy is to ensure that all governors, teaching and non-teaching staff, pupils, volunteers and parents:

- have an understanding of what bullying is
- know what our school policy is on bullying and what they should do if bullying arises
- know that at our schools we take bullying seriously. Pupils and parents should be assured that they will be supported when bullying is reported
- know that bullying will not be tolerated!

What Is Bullying?

Bullying is defined as deliberately hurtful behaviour, which is unprovoked, repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves.

Bullying may be racist, sexist or homophobic. People can be bullied for any reason; because of the way they look, because of their religion, their age, because of learning or physical disability, where they live, their family, their social class or their achievement.

Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim.

Bullying can be:

- Emotional - being unfriendly, excluding others, tormenting (e.g. hiding books, threatening gestures)
- Physical - pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence
- Racist - racial taunts, graffiti, gestures
- Sexual - unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
- Homophobic - because of, or focussing on the issue of sexuality
- Verbal - name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
- Cyber - all areas of internet ,such as email & internet chat room misuse, mobile threats by text messaging & calls, misuse of technology, pupils and parents making negative comments about staff and the school on social media such as twitter or Facebook.

Our school will deal with bullying by:

- Making sure that, in line with the Behaviour Policy, we promote the school's agreed HEART Values: Honesty, Effort, Achievement, Respect, Teamwork
- Ensuring that the whole school understands what bullying means, what a victim is, what bullying behaviour is, and what a bystander is
- Making clear that a zero tolerance approach to bullying is in place in school
- Encouraging children to report incidents without feeling they are telling tales
- Stressing the role of the bystander – the person who can intervene and help the situation. We encourage the bystander to get involved as opposed to watching and colluding with any bullying they witness
- Taking incidents seriously, investigating and if necessary, acting upon them quickly and fairly
- Where a child comes to the medical room with an injury the first aiders will ask how the incident happened and ensure a member of staff is dealing with it if other children involved
- Having a behaviour policy for pupils and staff setting out clear guidelines for managing pupil behaviour both in the playground and in the classroom
- Rewarding positive behaviour and relationships as outlined in our behaviour policy
- Providing opportunities to raise awareness of bullying issues and providing a whole school focus for anti-bullying activities. This will be through whole school events (such as Antibullying week) and through key stage assemblies and PSHE teaching
- Developing a child's resilience through a PSHE/Citizenship curriculum. This may involve exploring feelings through role play and viewing bullying situations from both sides
- Providing a structured, well-staffed playground environment with a variety of activities/equipment for pupils to play with during school breaks
- Using National Anti-Bullying Week as a medium for celebrating our work to combat bullying.

Reporting bullying

All members of the Beechwood Junior School community have a duty and responsibility to report bullying, whether they witness it, know of it or suffer from it. Beechwood Junior School is a 'telling school'. Bullying concerns should be reported to school staff in the first instance. There are a number of ways bullying can be reported:

- Class mates are expected to report concerns their peers raise with them to a member of staff.
- Worry Monsters in every classroom, which can be used to report concerns anonymously to a teacher
- Concerns can be passed onto any member of staff. All members of staff have a duty of care to ensure the anti-bullying policy is adhered to when a report is made.

When dealing with bullying, staff will:

- Discuss the pupil conduct in line with the HEART Values.
- Respond sensitively
- Investigate the incident ensuring any bullying has stopped
- Record all incidents of bullying on the incident log and pass on to the Pastoral Team.

- In the first instance meet with the victims and bullies individually, using restorative language as a way of facilitating the conversation.
- If appropriate facilitate a restorative meeting between the victim and bully as an opportunity for the bully to understand how their actions have affected the life of the victim.
- Contact the parents of both the victim and bully to discuss the problem where serious accusations or repeat accusations have been made
- In more serious cases, or if a pupil is repeatedly bullying, involve members of the Senior Leadership Team including designated safeguarding leaders who will support the investigation and actions that need to follow. Where appropriate liaise with members of the pastoral support team and/or the police to consider the options available to support the victim and/or the bully.

Procedures Stage 1 actions include:

- Incident is reported to victim's class teacher – intervention in first instance is through the class teacher. If the allegation is of a serious nature, then the teacher may deem it necessary to move to stage 2 immediately
- After individual meetings, children are brought together by the year leader to discuss the concern and the solution strategy

Stage 2 actions include:

- Parents are notified of serious accusations or repeat accusations. The Senior Leadership Team will ensure that action is taken and communicate this to all parents
- The school takes the needs of the victim seriously and support is offered for as long as the victim feels the need.
- Meetings between victim and bully using restorative approaches to achieve resolution and justice as the goal for the session, where appropriate.
- Meetings between victim/bully using restorative approaches to achieve resolution and justice as the goal for the session, where appropriate Intervention programme for individuals set up with key monitoring targets.
- Development of self-esteem or social intervention work for children who are trapped in the bullying cycle.

Stage 3 actions include:

- Parents of the bully are asked to support the school in ensuring bullying stops.
- Fixed term suspension or permanent exclusion.

Consequences of Bullying

- Beechwood Junior School pastoral teams are available to ensure the victim is supported in rebuilding their confidence. Support for the bully may include anger management, circle of friends, liaising with parents or referrals to outside agencies
- Punishing bullies does not end bullying. At Beechwood Junior School, we emphasise that it is the bullying behaviour, rather than the person doing the bullying, that is not

acceptable The bully will be encouraged to understand how their actions have caused distress and anxiety.

- Bullies are to be disciplined in line with the school's behaviour policy; this may involve the following sanctions: verbal rule reminder, time in the reflection zone to consider the HEART Values, loss of play, after school reflection time, senior leader involvement, internal or fixed suspension or permanent exclusion (at the discretion of the Headteachers)
- We will ensure all actions are fully communicated to the relevant parties and recorded using school record-keeping procedures

Monitoring and Review

Beechwood Junior School Anti-Bullying Policy is in-line with DFE Guidelines. All safeguarding policies are reviewed every year to assess their effectiveness. Input from relevant stakeholders: parents, pupils, staff and governors is actively sought.

Beechwood Junior School anti bullying policy supports other pastoral policies such as our Positive Behaviour Policy and Child Protection Policy.

Further Guidance for Children:

- Do not bully other people – it is not kind
- If you see someone being bullied- help them or tell an adult
- If you are being bullied TELL SOMEONE! Talk to a class mate or a teacher!
- Use the class worry box.
- Don't bring toys or money into school.
- Speak to your teacher or teaching assistant – don't exaggerate, be honest and stick to the facts. Write it down or draw a picture if it helps you explain. If it does not stop – tell the teacher again. If this doesn't work, speak to a deputy head teacher, assistant head teacher or the head teacher.

Further Guidance for Parents:

If your child tells you they are being bullied:

- Listen to your child.
- Try not to overreact.
- Tell your child that bullying exists and it's not their fault.
- Check all the facts – is it bullying or friendship problems, which may resolve naturally? Talk about possible strategies for your child to use – try the websites listed at the end of the policy.
- Encourage your child to tell a teacher, or a member of the Senior Leadership Team.
- If the situation is serious, contact the class teacher yourself.

Signs and Symptoms

A child may indicate by signs or behaviour that he or she is being bullied. Adults should be aware of these possible signs and should investigate if a child:

- is frightened of walking to or from school
- doesn't want to go on the school / public bus
- begs to be driven to school
- changes their usual routine
- is unwilling to go to school (school phobic)
- begins to truant
- becomes withdrawn anxious, or lacking in confidence
- starts stammering
- attempts or threatens suicide or runs away
- cries themselves to sleep at night or has nightmares
- feels ill in the morning
- begins to do poorly in school work
- comes home with clothes torn or books damaged
- has possessions which are damaged or "go missing"
- asks for money or starts stealing money (to pay bully)
- has dinner or other monies continually "lost"
- has unexplained cuts or bruises
- comes home starving (money / lunch has been stolen)
- becomes aggressive, disruptive or unreasonable
- is bullying other children or siblings
- stops eating
- is frightened to say what's wrong
- gives improbable excuses for any of the above
- is afraid to use the internet or mobile phone
- is nervous & jumpy when a cyber message is received

These signs and behaviours could indicate other problems, but bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated.

Help from Outside Agencies:

You may find the following websites useful

www.bullying.co.uk

www.bbc.co.uk/education/archive/bully

www.childline.co.uk

www.antibullying.net

www.kidscape.org.uk

<http://www.ceop.gov.uk/>

<http://www.bullybusters.org.uk/>

<http://www.cybersmile.org/>

You may find the following telephone numbers useful:-

Advisory Centre for Education (ACE) 300 123 1100 (8am-8pm Monday to Friday and 9am-1pm Saturday)

Children's Legal Centre 0845 345 4345

Parent's Helpline: 020 7823 5430 (Mon-Tues 10-5pm)

Bullying UK-(part of Family Lives): 0808 800 2222

Youth Access: 020 8772 9900

Child Helpline: 0800 1111

Bully Busters: 0800 169 6928

Shout: Text Shout to 85258